

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed on July 16, 2008.

Claim 26 was amended.

Applicant's arguments, see Pages 5-10, filed on July 16, 2008, with respect to the rejections of claims 17-28 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claims 17-28 has been withdrawn.

EXAMINER'S AMENDMENT

An examiner's amendment to the record appears below. Should the changes and/or additions be unacceptable to applicant, an amendment may be filed as provided by 37 CFR 1.312. To ensure consideration of such an amendment, it **MUST** be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee.

Authorization for this examiner's amendment was given in a telephone interview with Charles W. Fallow (Reg. No. 28,946) on Monday September 22, 2008.

The application has been amended as follows:

1. IN THE DRAWINGS:

The following changes to the drawings have been approved by the examiner and agreed upon by applicant:

On Page 24/32, "**Fig. 25**" has been replaced by – **Fig. 24** -- (See attached page 24/32 of Drawings).

In order to avoid abandonment of the application, applicant must make these above agreed upon drawing changes.

2. IN THE SPECIFICATION:

a. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

The BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS on pages 5-6 has been amended by following:

Sheet **Fig. 1**--External front view

Sheet **Fig. 2**--External view looking air intake side

Sheet **Fig. 3**--Cooling air inlet side view

Sheet **Fig. 4**--Top view

Sheet **Figs 5a-5b** --Axial case section

Sheet **Figs. 6a-6c** --Axial crosswise case section--looking distribution side

Sheet **Figs. 7a-7b** --Axial crosswise case section--looking supercharger side

Sheet **Figs. 8a-8b** --Case crosswise section--supercharger position

Sheet **Figs. 9 a-9b** Case--upper flange A

Sheet **Figs. 10 a-10b** Case--axial flange B

Sheet **Figs. 11 a-11b** Case--oil sump flange C

Sheet **Figs. 12 a-12c** --Engine rotor axes supports

Sheet Engine Assembling Sections

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 13 a-13b** --Engine axial section

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 14 a-14b** --Engine crosswise section

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 15a-15c** --Part n° 1 of external rotor--three-dimensional views

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 16 a-16c** --Part n° 1 of external rotor—views

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 17a-17b** --Part n° 1 of external rotor--axial section A-A and crosswise section E-E

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 18a-18c** --External rotor Part n°1 -section on intake valves

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 19a-19c** --External rotor Part n°1 -section on exhaust valves

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 20** --External rotor Part n°1 -axial section on the nozzles

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 21a-21c** --External rotor Part n°2 -views of faces and axial section

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 22a-22c** --Valves distribution assembly

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 23a-23c** --Supercharger--views and sections

~~Sheet~~ **Fig. 24** --Internal rotor and its shaft--exploded three dimensional views

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 25a-25f** --Internal rotor and its shaft--views and sections

~~Sheet~~ **Figs. 26a-26c** --Injection pump camshaft

Sheet **Fig. 27** --"Planet" and "Satellite"--exploded view

Sheet **Figs. 28a-28d** --"Planet"—views

Sheet **Figs. 29a-29d** --"Planet"—sections

Sheet **Fig. 30a-30d** --"Satellite"--views and sections

Sheet **Figs. 31** --Engine rotors assembly exploded view

Sheet **Figs. 32a-32b** --Cooling air circulation system

B. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT:

1. The paragraph on page 6, lines 24-30 has been amended by following:

The rotary engine of the present invention illustrated in the ~~above-listed sheets of~~ drawings is an engine with a displacement of about 1500 c.c. with an overall dimension of about 560 cm along the axis, 480 cm in the direction crosswise the rotation axis and about 480 cm in the vertical direction (~~Sheets n°~~ **Figs. 1, 2, 3 and 4**). The case comprises four elements bolted on three coupling flanges as shown on ~~Sheets n°~~ **Figs. 1, 2, 3, 5a-5b, 6a-6c and 7a-7b**. The shape of the flanges is shown on ~~Sheets n°~~ **Fig. 9a-9b** (Upper flange A), ~~Sheets n°~~ **Figs. 10a-10b** (Axial flange B) and [~~sheet~~] **Figs. 11a-11b** (Flange C of the oil sump).

2. The paragraph on page 6, lines 31-34 and Page 7, line 1 has been amended by following:

In the case two rotors one inside the other are moving, whose rotation axes are arranged on a plane inclined 15 degrees to the vertical (see ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 14a-14b**) and spaced 10 mm one from the other. The values of 15 degrees and the 10 mm of distance between the rotors may be varied as a function of the designed displacement of the engine and shape, orientation, and size of the nozzles and discharge valves described hereinafter.

3. The paragraph on page 7, lines 2-6 has been amended by following:

As shown in the plane view of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 10a-10b** and vertical section of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 5a-5b**, there are two boxes 47, 48 outside the engine. Looking the figure, one box 48 at the left end containing the rotor support 31 on the supercharger side and the rotor synchronization gear 51, the other box 47 at the right end containing the rotor support 20 at the timing system side.

4. The paragraph on page 7, lines 7-10 has been amended by following:

The supports 20, 31 shown on ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 12a-12c** will also act as main bearings both for the external and internal rotors. While the external rotor is keyed on the outer surface of the support, the axis of the internal rotor shown on ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 25a-25f**, rotates in the longitudinal hole made in both supports.

5. The paragraph on page 7, lines 11-14 has been amended by following:

As above mentioned, the circumference of the outer surface of the supports and the longitudinal hole have the centers laying on a plane inclined of 15 degrees relative to the vertical line (views B and D of ~~Sheets~~ **Figs. 12a-12c**) and the distance between said centers for this embodiment is 10 mm as already mentioned.

6. The paragraph on page 7, lines 15-18 has been amended by following:

On the timing system side support toothings are made with helical teeth constituting the two fixed gears through which the camshafts for moving the intake and discharge valves (4 timing spindles 10 of ~~Sheets~~ **n° Figs. 22a-22c**) and two camshafts 11 for the injection pump (~~Sheets~~ **n° Figs. 26a-26b**) are driven.

7. The paragraph on page 7, lines 21-24 has been amended by following:

The external rotor comprises two elements. The first element has the shape of a drum open at one side as shown in the perspective view of ~~Sheets~~ **n° Figs. 15a-15c** and in the illustration of the two faces of sheets Fig., in addition to the axial sections A-A and the cross section E-E on ~~Sheets~~ **n° Figs. 17a-17b**.

8. The paragraph on page 7, lines 25-33 has been amended by following:

On the closed side of this first element there are eight holes through which the intake valves 14 and discharge valves 42 are installed, as well as the fins 3 of the blower for the forced circulation of cooling air. On the peripheral surface of the drum one can see the outlets of the discharge nozzles 5 of the combustion gases and the rings of the sealing labyrinths 4. In the thickness of the drum body as shown in section E-E of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 17a-17b**, the nozzles 5, the valves 41, 42, the spark plugs 55 and the cooling fins 7 are arranged. Two more wear resistant metal rings are arranged aside the combustion chambers. On said rings the compression rings of the planets and the satellites described later are rubbing.

9. The paragraph on page 7, line 34 and Page 8, lines 1-5 has been amended by following:

The second element has the shape of a disk (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 21a-21c**) and is mounted on the open side of the first element after having assembled the internal rotor. On said second element the timing system (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 22a-22c**) and a set of blades (section A-A of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 21a-21c**) are arranged, said blades having the function of forcing the internal circulation of cooling air in addition to a plurality of fins 23 removing heat from the area close to the combustion chambers.

Art Unit: 3748

10. The paragraph on page 8, lines 6-14 has been amended by following:

On the first element the supercharger 2 is bolted, which is simply the group of intake manifolds 63 of the combusting air (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 23 a-23c**) cast on a support disk. In view of the radial arrangement of the manifolds and their spiral shape, they will operate as a true supercharger. The external rotor is practically a rotary head and inside it the intake valves 41 (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 18a-18c**) and discharge valves 42 (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 19 a-19c**) are arranged and shown also on (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 14a-14b**). Also on the external rotor one spark plug 55 for each combustion chamber is mounted (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs 14a-14b** and **17a-17b** section E-E). The sparking current will be conveyed to the spark plug through a stretch of circular bar arranged in the labyrinths and shown with numeral 43 on ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 13a-13b**.

11. The paragraph on page 8, lines 17-22 has been amended by following:

The internal rotor is shown in the perspective view of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Fig. 24** together with its shaft and the separation elements of the crescent like combustion chambers (planet, satellite, planet guide and thrust spring). The faces of the rotor and the axial and cross sections can be seen on ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 25a-25f**. The separation elements of the chambers, namely the planets 38 and satellites 39, are shown in detailed in the exploded view of [sheet] **Fig. 27** and views and sections of sheets 28, 29 and 30.

Art Unit: 3748

12. The paragraph on page 8, lines 26-29 has been amended by following:

The planet is reciprocating on two guide sleeves 37 (see sections A-A and C-C of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 25a-25f**) and a central spring 40 is pushing the planet outwards when the centrifugal force is absent at still engine, to keep the planet and satellite group always in contact with the external rotor.

13. The paragraph on page 8, lines 30-34 and page 9, line 1 has been amended by following:

The planet and the satellite are of vital importance for the operation of the engine. Indeed the satellite operating as a compression ring, in view of its shape and the centrifugal force, fits continuously on the inner surface of the external rotor rubbing on it without loosing contact with the planet, rotating in its housing around the axis M (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 30a-30d**). The satellite is held in its position by a key (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 27 and 29a-29d**) leaving it free to oscillate only around the axis M.

14. The paragraph on page 9, lines 2-6 has been amended by following:

In the internal rotor the injectors 60 (sections B-B and D-D of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 25a-25f**) and the elements of the injection pump 62 (view B of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 25a-25f**) are arranged, said pump being actuated by two camshafts 10, 11 (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 26a-26c**) driven by the toothings 53, 54 of the rotor support 20

on the timing system side (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 12a-12c**), ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Fig. 31** is an exploded perspective assembly view of the two rotors and of the elements connected thereto.

15. The paragraph on page 9, lines 9-12 has been amended by following:

As mentioned hereinbefore, the two rotors mechanically coupled through the synchronizing gear arranged in the support box of the supercharger side (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 5a-5b**, section C-C of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 6 a-6c** and ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 10 a-10b**), are rotating synchronized and in the same direction.

16. The paragraph on page 9, lines 13-17 has been amended by following:

The motion of the satellite on the inner surface of the external rotor is now described during an entire revolution of the engine starting from point X corresponding to the top dead center (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 14a-14b**). In this position the axes of the two rotors and the axis of oscillation of the satellite are on the same plane and therefore the satellite is perfectly aligned with the planet.

17. The paragraph on page 10, lines 21-25 has been amended by following:

~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 14a-14b** is a cross sectional view of the engine looking at the supercharger, the rotation direction in this section is clockwise and at the

Art Unit: 3748

center one can see the internal rotor (see also ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 24, 25a-25f**), at its periphery the external rotor (see also ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Fig. 15a-15c, 16a-16c, 17a-17b**) and around the external rotor the case (see also ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 6a-6c, 7a-7b, 8a-8b** and 5 besides ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 9a-9b, 10a-10b** and **11a-11b** for the flanges). The travel of one of the combustion chambers will now be described for instance starting from position A where the chamber will be shortly after starting the revolution having just passed the top dead center. The volume of the chamber is at minimum, its intake valve 41 and discharge valve 42 are both closed and the mixture just ignited and exploded is expanding generating a tangential thrust on the planet at position Y while the pressure on the opposite planet at position X is still null because the planet is fully retracted in its housing.

18. The paragraph on page 11, lines 5-9 has been amended by following:

At this latter position, while the gas thrust on the planet now reaching a position close to J is finishing, the gases go out violently through the discharge valve 42 following a parabolic path obliged by the inner shape of the valve surface (see also section E-E of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 17a-17b**) thus generating on said surface a tangential thrust in the same direction of rotor rotation as it happens on a turbine blade.

Art Unit: 3748

19. The paragraph on page 12, lines 8-12 has been amended by following:

In view of its construction, the rotary engine will always operate in a supercharged way because air sucked by manifold 1 (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 13 a-13b**) enters the engine around the axis of the external rotor and by centrifugal force is compressed on the intake valve (see numeral 2 on Fig. 13 and the supercharger on ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 23 a-23c** and 31).

20. The paragraph on page 12, lines 25-26 has been amended by following:

The axis of rotation of the intake and discharge valves is parallel to the rotor axis (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 18 a-18c** and 19 **a-19c**) and their motion will not cause sensible unbalance on the rotors.

21. The paragraph on page 12, lines 27-31 has been amended by following:

The intake valve (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 18 a-18c**) has an open bottom and is practically a hollow frustum cone with a longitudinal slot having width and length equal to the discharge port of the chamber. The discharge valve (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 19 a-19c**) has a closed bottom and in the portion in contact with the discharge port of the chamber has a longitudinal cavity with parabolic section.

22. The paragraph on page 12, lines 32-34 and page 13, lines 1-4 has been amended by following:

The valves are actuated as a pair by a camshaft (that can be seen in detail on ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 22 a-22c**) and three cams are acting on each valve, the central cam moving the valve in an axial direction to detach it from the contact and sealing surface of the rotor intake or discharge port (because of its frustum conical shape), while the couple of side cams acts an instant thereafter on the valve actuating member that with its movement will cause the valve to rotate to the open or closed position as said valve is no more stuck but free to rotate.

23. The paragraph on page 13, lines 10-14 has been amended by following:

In view of the higher efficiency of this engine, the total heat to be dissipated during its operation will be lower than what necessary with the present reciprocating engines, and therefore an inner forced circulation (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 32 a-32b**) of air and the oil of the lubricating system as well as an outer forced circulation to the radiator will be sufficient to keep the temperature at acceptable values.

24. The paragraph on page 13, lines 15-20 has been amended by following:

The cool oil coming back from the radiator will also take out heat from the lubricated hot points of the engine. The fins cast in the body of the external rotor (numeral 3 of ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 13a-13b**, ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 16a-16c**, ~~17a-17b~~ and ~~32a-32b~~) forced air circulation inside the engine and to the radiator pushing the air out of the engine through the outlet U to recycle it through inlet E (~~Sheets-n°~~ **Figs. 1, 2, 3 and 4**). The inner circulation of air is free, while the outer circulation to the radiator is controlled by the engine thermostat.

25. The paragraph on page 13, lines 25-28 has been amended by following:

In order to cause these forces to work to the advantage of driving stability, this engine will be installed on the vehicle with the rotor axis in a position crosswise the traveling direction (see ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Fig. 4**) and the direction of rotation of the rotors will be only and exclusively that shown on ~~Sheets-n°~~ **Fig. 14a-14b**.

Allowable Subject Matter

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The prior art fails to disclose or renders obvious the claimed combination of an internal combustion rotary engine having an external rotor mounted for rotation about a first axis and an

Art Unit: 3748

internal rotor within the external rotor, mounted for rotation about a second axis offset from the first axis, said rotors being mutually restrained and synchronized by synchronization gear wheels disposed in a common housing so that the rotors rotate in the same direction and at the same rotational speed on their respective axes, and the external rotor containing a timing system, discharge valves, and spark plugs, and including:

“Regarding claim 1:

the intake valves (emphasis added) situated in the external rotor and assembled/arranged with the timing system, discharge valves, and spark plugs, thereby functioning as a head.”

Prior Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Conclusion

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled “Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance.”

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thai-Ba Trieu whose telephone number is (571) 272-4867. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday (6:30-5:00).

Art Unit: 3748

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas E. Denion can be reached on (571) 272-4859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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TTB
September 22, 2008

/Thai-Ba Trieu/
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3748